Home Illinois: A
Strategic Plan to
Prevent and End
Homelessness in
Illinois

Christine Haley, Chief Homelessness Officer ICCB HOUSE Conference June 29, 2023









Current Landscape of Homelessness in Illinois











Faces of Homelessness in Illinois



















Homelessness by the Numbers: 120,857 Persons Annually

- Annually, 44,063 people in 27,733 households are served in Illinois' literal homeless system, of whom an estimated:
 - 18% are people living with a serious mental illness
 - 12% are people living with a substance abuse disorder
 - 5% are veterans
 - 8% are victims of domestic violence
 - 6% are young adults ages 18-24
 - 5% Are parenting youth or children of parenting youth
- 76,794 children, from infants through 12th grade, experienced doubled-up homelessness in 2020-21 school year

FY22 IDHS funded emergency shelter turnaways: 9,837 individuals and 2,651 children

Average wait time for access to homeless housing resource in Chicago: 802 days

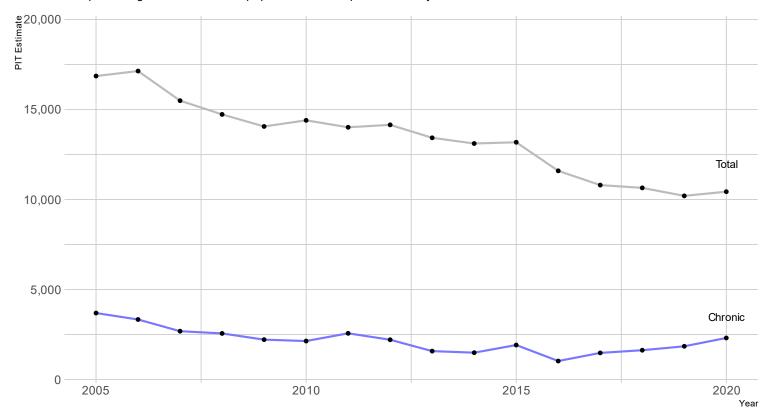






Ilinois Total Homeless Population Falling, Chronically Homeless Rising

The percentage of the homeless population made up of chronically homeless rose from 9% in 2016 to 22% in 2020.









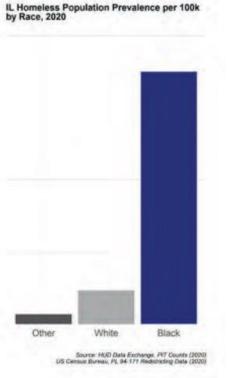


Racial Disparities in Homelessness: Black Homelessness



Black people are eight times more likely to experience homelessness than white people in Illinois.

Illinois Homeless Population Prevalence per 100k by Race, 2020 IL Homeless Population Prevalence per 100k











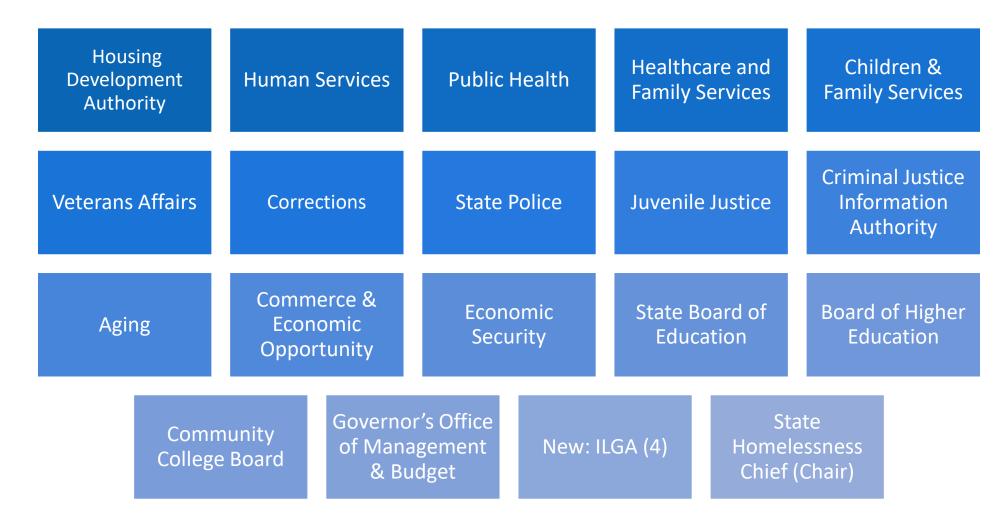
Executive Order 2021-21

- Signed by Governor Pritzker on September 3, 2021
- Creates new homelessness infrastructure within State of Illinois government
 - Interagency Task Force on Homelessness
 - o Community Advisory Council on Homelessness
 - o State Homelessness Chief & Illinois Office to Prevent & End Homelessness
- Develop a State Plan and deliver to Governor Pritzker and the Illinois General Assembly by June 1,2022.
- Prepare an annual report to the Governor and General Assembly by December 1st of each year with the first report delivered on December 1, 2022.

Goals of Executive Order to Fight Homelessness

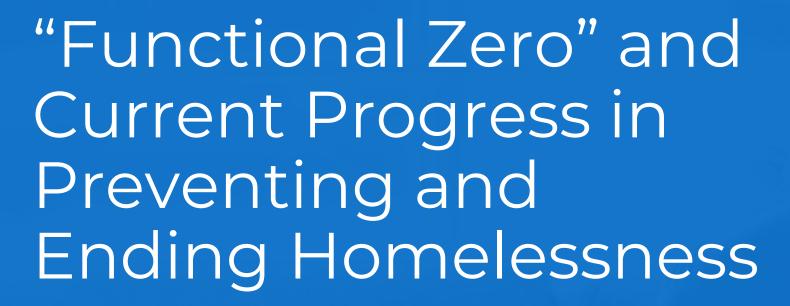
- Address homelessness & achieve functional zero of homelessness
- Address unnecessary institutionalization
- Improve health and human services outcomes for people experiencing homelessness
- Strengthening safety nets that contribute to housing stability
- Coordinate homeless prevention resources

Interagency Task Force on Homelessness



Community Advisory Council on Homelessness

Statewide Lived Experience of Living with a **Behavioral Health** Philanthropy (2) Homelessness (3) disability Advocacy Organization Statewide Housing Local Units of CoCs (3) **Domestic Violence** Advocacy Government (3) Organization At-large: Housing At-large: Youth New: Service State Homelessness service provider Chief (Co-Chair) Developer Providers (4)



















Functional Zero: A Measurable Metric for Success

- **"Functional Zero"** is a sustainable milestone where a community has measurably solved homelessness.
- Once achieved, when an Illinoisian reaches out for help, there is a <u>clear</u> <u>path to access that resource</u> and the <u>appropriate resource</u> on the other side
- Homelessness within Functional Zero is:
 - Rare
 - Brief
 - Non-recurring
 - Equitable

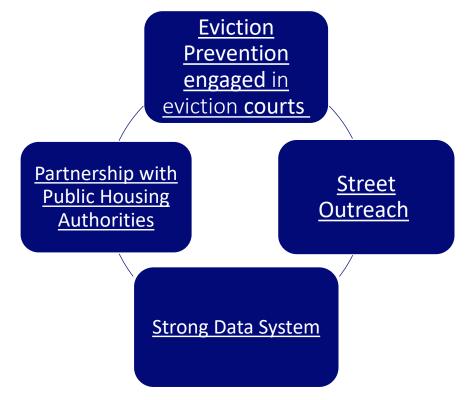
Executive Order 2021-21 Parallel:

"Whereas, the current crisis has created waves of economic instability which have affected Illinoisans most vulnerable to housing insecurity. It requires the strengthening of our State's safety nets so that homelessness becomes an experience that is rare, brief and non-recurring..."

Current Progress and Investments in Preventing and Ending Homelessness

CASE STUDY: Success in Rockford, IL

- On track to be the first community in the country to reach functional zero
- Keys to Success:













Home Illinois: A Plan to Reach Functional Zero





















Change

Change the narrative on the root causes of homelessness

Realize

Realize the vision of the Executive Order through a transformational initiative to be implemented over four years

Convene

Convene local jurisdictions, health systems and private funders to meet goals of ending homelessness

Lead

Lead a successful state-led approach to end homelessness, setting an example for interior states

Plan to Prevent & End Homelessness: Home Illinois Framework

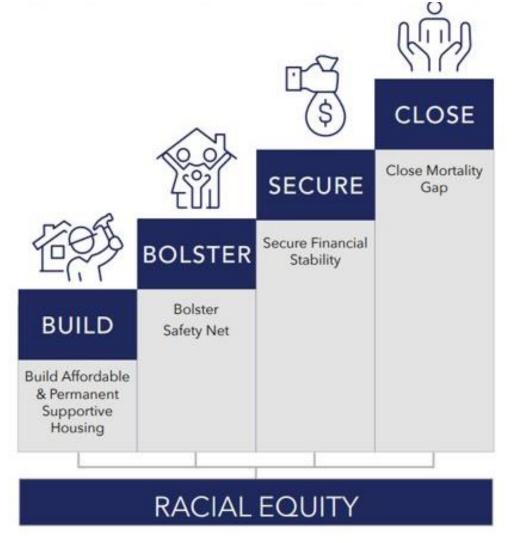
- Inventory of 100+ policy, program or process activities across 17
 State agencies
- Foundational goal: ending the racial disparity that exists in homelessness



















The Continuum of Home Illinois Interventions

 Individuals experiencing/at risk of experiencing homelessness need a variety of interventions at different intensities and stages in the process Smallest service population; late-stage intervention; most resource intensive

Largest service population; earliest preventative intervention; least resource intensive

Permanent Supportive Housing

Rapid ReHousing

Affordable Housing

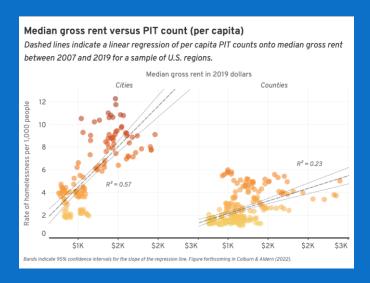
Shelter

Street Outreach

Shelter Diversion

Homeless Prevention

Theory: Homelessness is a Housing Problem



Groundbreaking research from Gregg Colburn and Clayton Aldern reframes homelessness as an issue of **insufficient affordable housing.**

According to their study, levels of homelessness are better predicted by housing-related metrics (median rent, rental vacancy rates, etc.) than historic targets of homelessness programs (mental illness, drug use, poverty, weather, generosity of public assistance, and low-income mobility).







Reaching Functional Zero Unmet Need: Housing Projections



4,551 Shelter Beds



9,421 Rapid ReHousing Units (short-term rental assistance with supportive services)



6,292 Permanent Supportive Housing Units (affordable housing units with supportive services) Appendix: Additional Components of the Home IL Vision



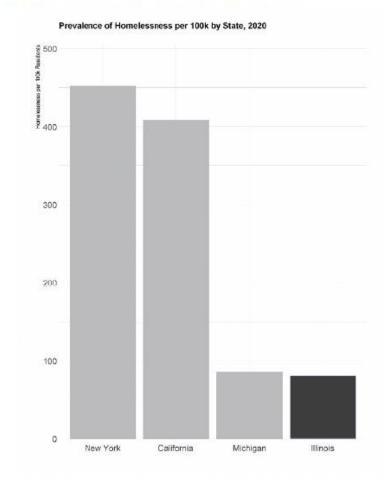






Lead nationwide as a model for addressing homelessness in the interior states

Prevalence of Homelessness per 100k by State, 2020



FY24 State Budget: Key Initiatives

HOUSE Liaisons: \$2.25M

Homeless
Prevention:
\$10.8M Increase

Emergency & Transitional Housing: \$40.7M Increase

\$30M Court Based Rental Assistance

Street Outreach: \$4M Increase

Supportive Housing Services: \$6M Increase

Homeless Youth: \$3M Increase

New Shelter Diversion: \$2.5M

New Rapid ReHousing: \$50M (GRF + ERA)

New Scattered Site PSH: \$12.5M

New Workforce Training: \$5M

Thank You homeless.office @illinois.gov







